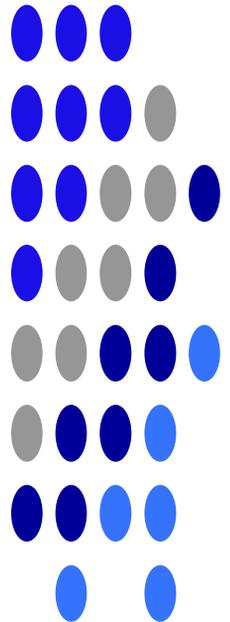




Arkansas Parole Board

"Parole Works"

2009-2010 ANNUAL REPORT

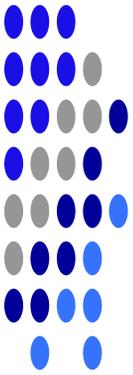


An ACA Accredited Agency



Arkansas Parole Board

Leroy Brownlee, Chairman



September 1, 2010

The Honorable Mike Beebe
Governor of Arkansas
Governor's Office, State Capitol
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201



Dear Governor Beebe:

I respectfully submit the following report on behalf of the Arkansas Parole Board for fiscal year 2009-2010. As will be documented in this report, our members and staff continue to perform at the highest level of professionalism.

Thanks for all the support from your administration as we continue our duties as called for in the statutes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Leroy Brownlee". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Leroy Brownlee
Chairman

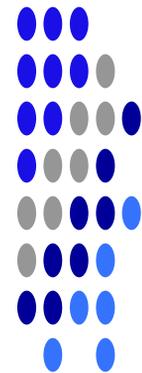
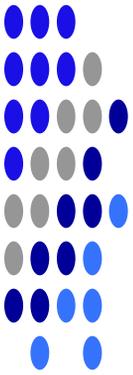


Table of Contents

Arkansas Parole Board.....	1
Organizational Chart.....	2
Mission and History.....	3
Authority and Responsibility.....	4
Victim Input.....	5
Parole.....	6
Parole Population	7
Hearings and Screenings.....	9
Executive Clemency.....	12
Revocations	13
Budget	15
Act 1031 Report.....	16

Arkansas Parole Board Members and Staff



Seated from left are: Commissioner Abraham Carpenter, Jr. – Vice Chairman, Commissioner Carolyn Robinson, and Commissioner Richard Mays Jr. – Board Secretary, Standing in back from left are: Commissioner Joseph Peacock, Chairman Leroy Brownlee, Commissioner James Wallace, and Commissioner John Felts.

Hearing Examiners

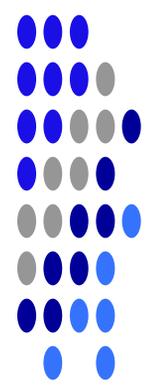
**Carol V. Bohannan, Attorney
James L. Williams, II, Attorney**

Administrative Staff

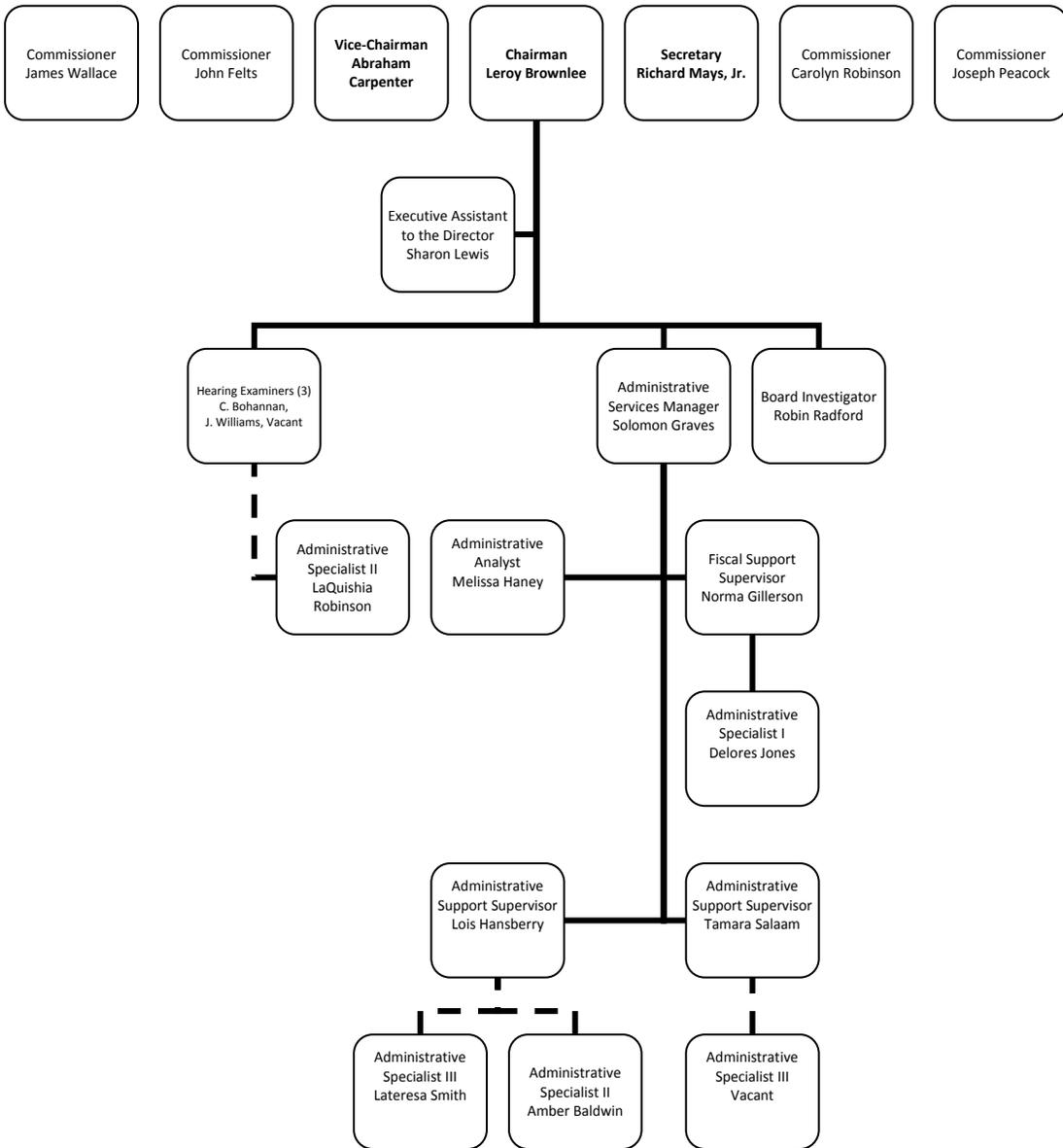
**Solomon Graves*, Administrative Services Manager
Sharon H. Lewis, Executive Assistant to the Chairman
Norma Gillerson, Fiscal Support Supervisor
Robin Radford, Investigator
Melissa Haney**, Administrative Analyst
Delores Jones, Admin. Specialist I (Receptionist)
Lois Jean Hansberry, Admin. Support Supervisor
Tamara Salaam, Admin. Support Supervisor
Lateresa Smith, Admin. Specialist III
LaQuishia Robinson, Admin. Specialist II
Amber Baldwin, Admin. Specialist II**

*** Accreditation Coordinator**

**** Victim Input Coordinator**

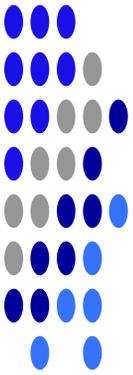


Organizational Chart



Mission

The Arkansas Parole Board is an important part of the criminal justice system. The Board is dedicated to the process of promoting public safety by the return of offenders into the community through supervised conditional release. It is our desire that there will be a successful transition from confinement to responsible conduct within the community.



History

Parole has been a component of corrections in Arkansas for over 60 years. The State Penitentiary Board was originally established through Act 1 of 1943. Act 50 of 1968 reorganized the State Penitentiary as the Arkansas Department of Correction and created two major boards: the Board of Correction and the Board of Pardons and Paroles. Act 937 of 1989 abolished the Board of Pardons and Paroles and the Board of Community Rehabilitation to create the Board of Parole and Community Rehabilitation.

Prior to reorganization, the Board of Pardons and Paroles consisted of five members who were citizens of the State, appointed by the Governor to staggered five-year terms. The Board initially met three days each month at various units within the Department of Correction. The Board interviewed inmates to determine who should be placed on parole and set the prescribed conditions of parole. Additionally, they made recommendations to the Governor on applications for pardons and commutations.

The Commission on Community Rehabilitation consisted of six members who were also required to be citizens of the State. This body was appointed by the Governor to staggered four-year terms. The Commission met at least once a month and was primarily responsible for reviewing and certifying alternative service programs, screening files of qualified offenders and recommending expungement of records for eligible offenders who successfully completed a prescribed program.

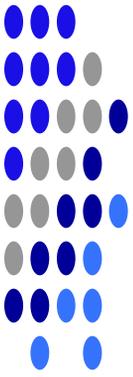
In 1993, legislation revamped the Board of Parole and Community Rehabilitation that had been created in 1989. The Board was renamed the Arkansas Post-Prison Transfer Board with three full-time members. Subsequent legislation in 1995 and 1997 expanded the number of full-time positions.

In 2005, Senate Bill 383 renamed the Post-Prison Transfer Board to the Arkansas Parole Board. The move was designed to alleviate confusion on the part of the public about the duties of the Board.

In 2007, legislation made all seven Board members full-time employees and expanded the support staff to include an Investigator and an Information Technology specialist.

In 2010, the Board reorganized its support staff and created an Administrative Services Manager position to oversee the day-to-day activities of the support staff.

Authority and Responsibility



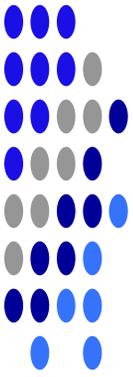
The Arkansas Parole Board (APB) is an independent, quasi-judicial body whose members are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Chairman of the Board reports directly to the Governor, and serves as a voting member of the Board of Correction. The APB's mandates are to conduct parole hearings throughout the state of Arkansas, make decisions on the conditional release of inmates from correctional facilities, and review all pardon and commutation applications before issuing recommendations to the Governor.

A major responsibility of the APB is to grant, deny, suspend, and revoke parole in accordance with legislated criteria. APB members have the authority to make decisions on the conditional release of offenders from prison and community correction centers. The Board's public accountability requires that the risk of public harm be constantly evaluated when considering the potential freedom and reintegration of offenders into the community. In making a decision, the Board is guided by two criteria set out in legislation: the risk posed to the community by the offender's potential to re-offend and the rehabilitation and reintegration of the offender back into the community. If a decision is made to grant parole, a conditional release is authorized. A conditional release establishes explicit rules and requirements that an offender must follow once they are released into the community. These rules are explained to the offender, who must sign the agreement prior to release. Each release decision requires a quorum of four members. Board members exercise independent judgment in cases of parole violations and have the authority to temporarily suspend parole and authorize a warrant for the arrest of a parolee. The Board reviews all pardon and commutation applications and makes non-binding recommendations to the Governor.

For offenders sentenced under current law, mandatory release eligibility is determined by statute. The Board reviews the release of offenders convicted of specific violent or drug-related offenses and can delay release until the inmate has completed specific programs. Inmates who are sentenced to death or life without parole are not eligible for parole release consideration. Those sentenced to life are not eligible unless their sentences are commuted to a term of years.

Public notification of scheduled parole release hearings is required by Board policy. These hearings are open to the public with some restrictions.

Victims and/or the families are given separate hearings to voice their opposition to parole releases. These hearings are not open to the public.



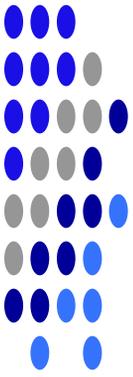
Victim Input

Crime victims may provide information to the Board via a written and/or oral statement regarding the potential release of an offender. The Board notifies victims of crime of scheduled inmate parole hearings if the victim has asked to be notified or has registered with the VINE (Victims Information Notification Everyday) system. Victims are notified of the release decision once that vote has been ratified by the Board. In most cases, victim input to parole decisions is confidential and cannot be obtained by the inmates.

FY 2010 Victim Input Hearings

*Months that included death row hearing

Month	Hearings Scheduled	No Shows	Hearings Conducted
July 2009	19	6	13
August 2009	28	7	21
September 2009	28	6	22
October 2009	23	3	20
November 2009	29	11	18
December 2009	24	5	19
January 2010	31	7	24
February 2010 *	23	3	20
March 2010 *	24	4	20
April 2010	23	7	16
May 2010	19	6	13
June 2010	28	5	23
Total	299	70	229

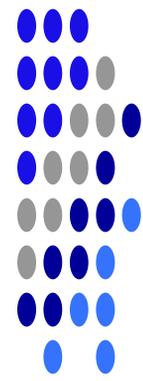


Parole Process

The parole process allows an offender the opportunity to serve a portion of his or her sentence under administrative supervision of the Department of Community Correction (DCC). Regardless of the length of sentence, most offenders have an expected release date. Parole provides a way to reintegrate the offender from the absolute control of incarceration into the community before being fully released from supervision. A hearing is scheduled when an offender is deemed eligible for parole consideration by the Arkansas Department of Correction (ADC) or DCC. Legal notice of a scheduled hearing is published and testimony in support of, or opposition to, is heard at that time.

The following factors are considered:

- Type and length of sentence
- Recommendations of the sentencing judge, prosecuting attorney and sheriff
- Facts and circumstances of the offense
- Mitigating and aggravating factors
- Prior criminal record
- Adjustment of previous probation, parole or confinement
- Detainers/pending criminal charges
- Changes in motivation and behavior
- Personal goals and description of personal strengths or resources available to maintain motivation for law-abiding behavior
- Personal, social, family and marital history
- Education, training and employment record
- Institutional adjustment
- Program goals and accomplishments
- Work assignments
- Institutional behavior, including misconduct
- Community resources, including tentative parole plan
- Residence plan – alone, with family, or others
- Special needs and resources
- Psychological tests/reports and institutional progress reports
- Victim's testimony through written statements and/or oral statements



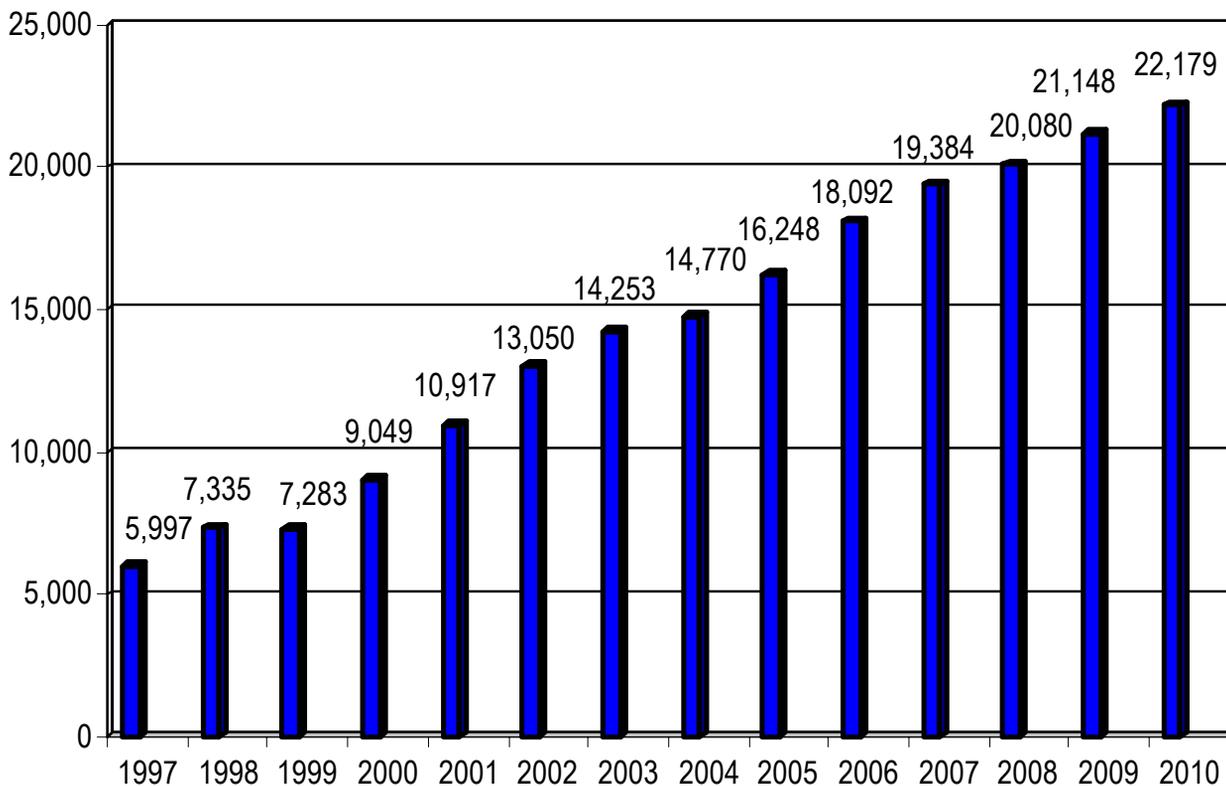
Parole Population

Release or discretionary transfer may be granted to an eligible person by the Board when, in its opinion, there is a reasonable probability that the person can be released without detriment to the community or the offender.

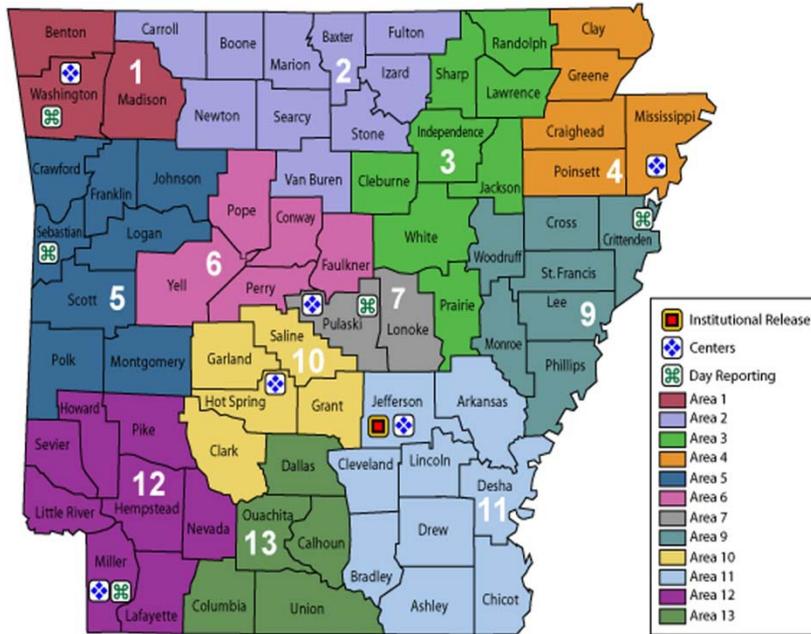
Parole is the conditional release of an inmate from incarceration to structured supervision within the community for the balance of the court-ordered sentence.

Since 1997, the parole caseload has grown 270%. Arkansas' parole system is challenged by the continued increase in the number of offenders released under parole supervision. During the past five years (since FY '05), the number of supervised parolees has increased by 36.5% (from 16,248 to 22,179).

Parole Population
(includes Boot Camp Releases)
Fiscal Years 1997 through 2010 (June 30)

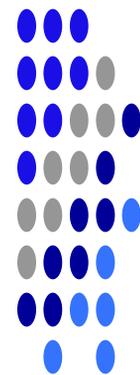


Parole Population by DCC Area Office as of June 30, 2010



Area	Parole	Boot Camp	Total
1	1,958	55	2,013
2	747	7	754
3	1,342	30	1,372
4	1,475	11	1,486
5	1,754	41	1,795
6	1,111	23	1,133
7	4,573	80	4,653
9	1,330	62	1,392
10	1,651	32	1,682
11	1,713	37	1,750
12	1,466	86	1,552
13	1,122	53	1,175
ISC*	1,386	10	1,396

* ISC refers to parolees who are serving their paroles via Inter-State Compact in other states.

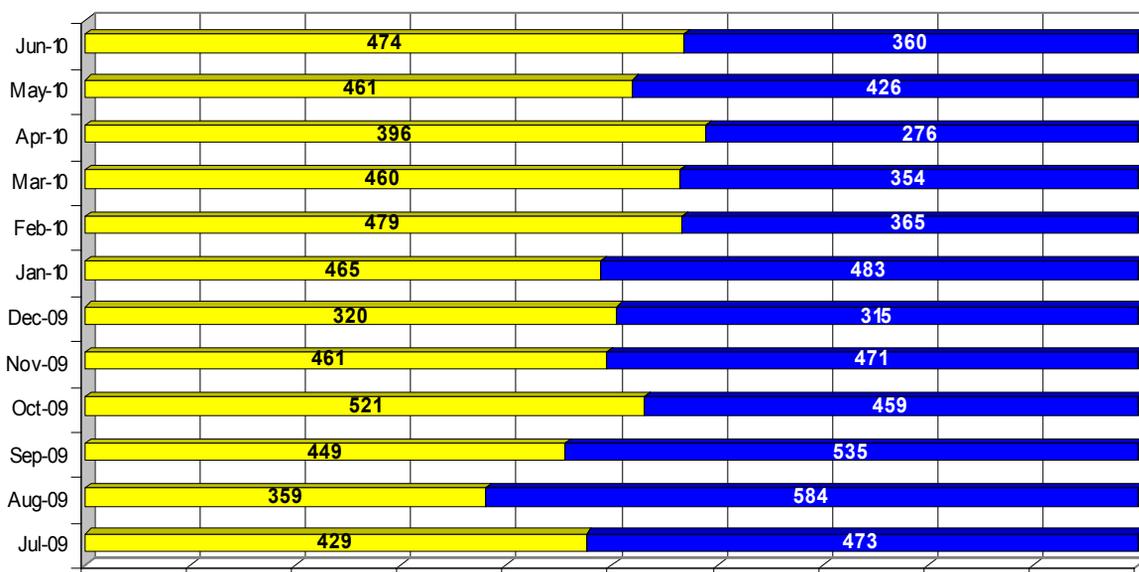


Hearings and Screenings

Hearings are held on all parole eligible cases. These hearings involve one or more members of the Board taking testimony and/or documentation from offenders, possible victims, and their supporters. In FY 2009-2010, 10,375 hearings and screenings were conducted by the Board. Of that number, 82% were approved releases with no programs and 18% were approved releases contingent upon additional programs.

DCC's Institutional Release staff prepare case records for use by Board members in conducting ADC inmate case reviews and hearings to determine parole, as required by Arkansas Code Annotated § 16-93-203. Depending on the date of a crime or sentence, some inmates are transfer eligible (TE)¹ and others are parole eligible (PE)². Some inmates are not eligible for parole, but they can be considered for release under executive clemency powers.

**FY 2009-2010
Hearings and Screenings**

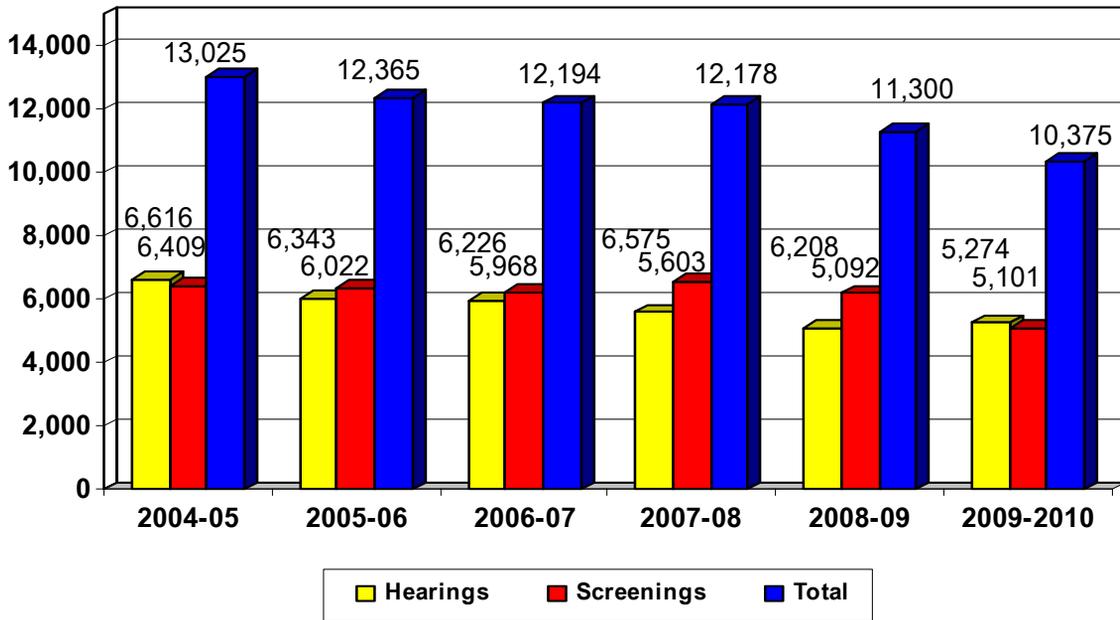


Total Cases: 10,375 (5,274 hearings and 5,101 record screenings)

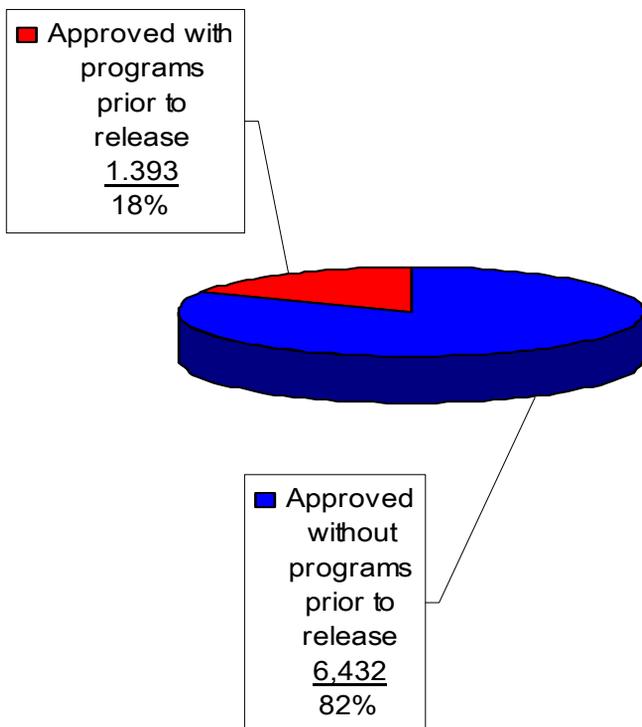
¹Arkansas Code Annotated § 16-93-206 and § 16-93-1302 allow for the transfer of inmates from ADC to DCC for those who committed certain crimes on or after 1/2/04.

²The Board has discretionary transfer authority for inmates with a PE, or discretionary transfer date.

Hearings and Screenings Fiscal Year 2005 through Fiscal Year 2010

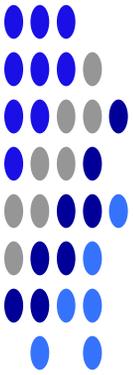


Summary of Approved Releases Fiscal Year 2010



Information regarding an individual case is kept confidential. Prior to the hearing, Board members review available written information regarding the offender's prior history, current situation, events in the case since any previous hearing, information about the offender's future plans and relevant conditions in the community. A person considered by the Board for release is advised of the decision in writing.

Summary of Approved Releases



Percent of Paroles and Transfers Approved for Release Fiscal Year 2009-2010

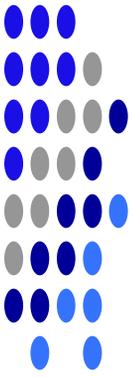
Month	Parole Approved	Transfers Approved
July 2009	67%	60%
August 2009	65%	61%
September 2009	79%	41%
October 2009	74%	83%
November 2009	68%	60%
December 2009*	85%	66%
January 2010*	100%	61%
February 2010*	100%	65%
March 2010*	100%	59%
April 2010*	99%	71%
May 2010*	99%	55%
June 2010*	99%	59%
Average Total	86%	62%

***The methodology for computing the percentage of approved releases was changed in December 2009.**

Screenings are file reviews of inmates eligible for early release from incarceration. A screening allows the Board to determine release stipulations, e.g., deferred release for completion of a program or the imposition of mental health and/or substance abuse counseling, or community service. Screenings are also held for clemency applications to determine if a full Board hearing is warranted.

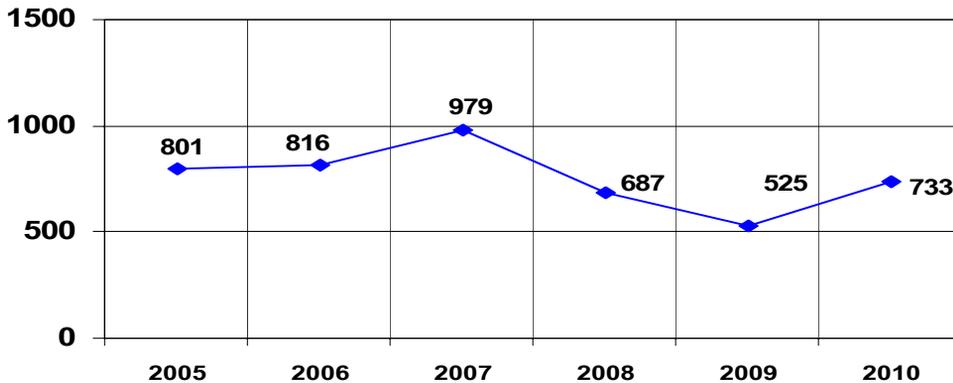
Executive Clemency

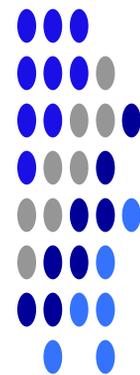
The Board can recommend or deny granting a commutation (reduction of criminal penalty) or a pardon (total forgiveness) of a sentence for a criminal conviction following application. In either case, the offender can receive a recommendation of with or without merit from the Board. The recommendation from the Board to the Governor is not binding.



The Arkansas Constitution, Article 6, Section 18, gives the Governor the power to grant Executive Clemency. This is the process through which the Governor considers requests for granting reprieves, commutations of sentence, pardons after conviction and requests to forgive fines and forfeitures. A reprieve is a temporary relief from, or postponement, of execution or criminal punishment of a sentence. Commutation means a permanent reduction of sentence or punishment, such as changing a death sentence to a life sentence without parole. A pardon request asks that a criminal record be expunged, or removed, from the public record. Inmates submit requests through an Institutional Release Officer. Persons who are not incarcerated submit applications directly to the DCC's Institutional Release Office where background information is gathered. The requests are forwarded to the Board for investigation. The Board can conduct Pardon, Commutation, and Victim Input hearings. A recommendation report is compiled and sent to the Governor on each application.

Executive Clemency Hearings and Screenings: Fiscal Years 2005-2010

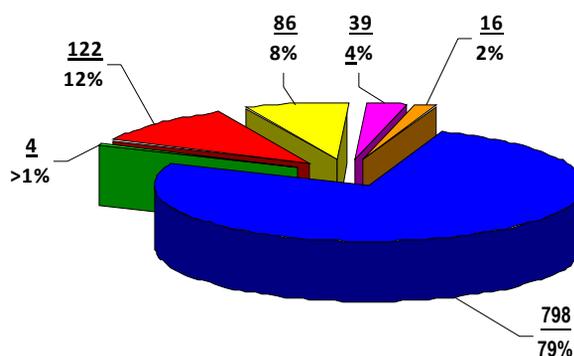




Revocations

If a parolee violates any of the release conditions, a Hearing Examiner may impose additional conditions, specify whether the violator should be sent to the Technical Violator Program (TVP) if eligible, or return the offender to prison. At a revocation hearing, the Hearing Examiner will seek and consider evidence that supports or counters the violation charges, as well as any extenuating or mitigating circumstances that suggest the violations do or do not warrant revocation.

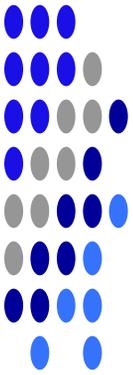
A total of 1,012 hearings were held by Hearing Examiners during FY10. Of that number, 79% were revoked to ADC, 12% were revoked to DCC's TVP, 8% were not revoked, 4% had a deferred final decision, 2% were Interstate Compact cases, and >1% were transferred.



A parolee may waive his or her right to an official hearing and be sent to the ADC or a TVP. In this instance, a Hearing Examiner would not meet with the parolee for a hearing. During FY10 there were 1,529 waivers to TVP and 762 waivers to ADC.



Hearing Examiner Results Fiscal Year 2009-2010

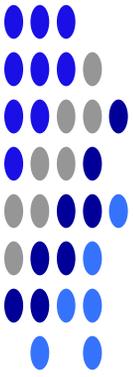


Racial Breakdown of Hearing Examiner Results

	Black Male	Black Female	White Male	White Female	Other Male	Other Female	Total
Revoked to ADC	363	10	309	40	8	0	730
Revoked to DCC	41	1	59	6	2	0	109
Not Revoked	37	1	27	6	3	0	74
Deferred Final Decision	15	1	13	1	0	0	30
Compact Hearings	3	1	9	1	2	0	16
Transfer Hearings	3	0	1	0	0	0	4
Total All Cases	462	14	418	54	15	0	963

Budget

Fiscal Year 2009-2010



For Fiscal Year 2010, the Board received \$1.785 million in appropriation from General Revenue. \$1.741 million was expended of that appropriation. \$39,722.54 in salary savings was returned to the General Fund. This turn-back, was due to a salary savings from two positions that were vacant for approximately six (6) months. The Board also received \$9,246 as in-kind support from Arkansas Department of Correction and Department of Community Correction.

Funding FY 2010	
FY 10 General Revenue (Funded)	\$1,785,421.00
In-Kind Support (ADC and DCC)	\$9,246.94
Marketing & Redistributing	\$17.25
Total	\$1,794,685.19

Expenses FY2010			
	Budget Amount	Amount Expended	Difference
Regular Salaries (00)	\$1,187,767.00	\$1,155,477.43	\$32,289.57
Personal Services Matching (03)	\$316,734.00	\$309,301.03	\$7,432.97
Maintenance & Operation (02)	\$276,160.00	\$275,208.78	\$951.22
Conference & Travel (09)	\$3,000.00	\$1,526.53	\$1,473.47
Capitol Outlay (11)	\$1,760.00	\$0.00	\$1,760.00
Total	\$1,785,421.00	\$1,741,513.77	\$43,907.23

FY2009-2010 Act 1031 Report (Final Approvals, Deferrals, or Denials)

Offense	Asian			Black			Caucasian			Cuban			Hispanic			Mexican			NA Indian			Other/Unknown			Total			Grand Total
	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	
Manu/Det/Poss Control Subs.	6	1		992	279	10	1,384	270	10																2,499	571	20	3,090
Residential Burglary	2			268	127	15	468	162	11																750	292	27	1,069
Theft Of Property				156	36	3	456	96	5	1															625	136	8	769
Sexual Assault			2	25	47	23	128	207	87																178	264	116	558
Robbery				218	142	10	94	36	4																316	182	14	512
Commercial Burglary				125	38	1	174	50	3																305	93	4	402
Criminal Attempt				48	38		191	78	4																243	116	4	363
Forgery	1			63	15		189	37																	260	52		312
Aggravated Robbery				97	112	17	29	45	4																126	158	22	306
Battery-2nd Degree				72	45	5	114	54	1																194	100	6	300
Theft By Receiving	1			98	33		130	31	1																232	66	1	299
Rape				31	65	18	33	89	50	1															65	157	69	291
Battery-1st Degree				81	60	18	63	28	9																157	89	27	273
Advertise Drug Paraphernalia				20	4	1	195	25																	216	29	1	246
Failure To Appear				44	13	1	139	20																	197	38	1	236
Poss. Firearm Certain Person				86	32	2	80	21	2																171	57	4	232
Simul. Poss. Of Drugs/Firearm				55	22	1	91	32	2																150	55	3	208
Criminal Conspiracy	2	1		39	25	1	99	20	1																147	46	2	195
Hot Check Violation				40	7	1	105	19																	147	28	1	176
Viol Of Omib DWI Act 4th Offens	2	1		25	8	2	106	10	1																147	20	3	170
Fail To Register Child/Sex Off	2			20	6	1	71	43	2																96	49	3	148
Murder-1st Degree				24	60	16	8	23	10																32	83	26	141
Aggravated Assault				32	23	2	51	25	3																86	49	5	140
Breaking And Entering				36	14		69	11																	108	25		133
Domestic Battering-3rd Degree				32	16		47	17	3																85	38	3	126
Murder-2nd Degree				26	22	17	16	24	18																43	46	35	124
Manelaughter				7	4	5	17	21	18																24	28	26	78
Sexual Abuse-1st Degree				5	5	2	20	34	10																25	39	12	76

FY2009-2010 Act 1031 Report (Final Approvals, Deferrals, or Denials)

Offense	Asian			Black			Caucasian			Cuban			Hispanic			Mexican			NA Indian			Other/Unknown			Total			Grand Total
	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	App	Def	Den	
Domestic Battering-2nd Degree				27	9		24	9											51	18					69			
Unknown					32		2	34											2	66					68			
Furnishing Prohib. Articles		1		15	8	1	29	10	1										44	19	1				64			
Terroristic Threatening	1			11	7	1	26	14						1	3				39	24	1				64			
Arson				7	6		25	15	3					1	2				33	23	3				59			
Criminal Mischief-1st Degree	2	1		6	3		29	6						3	1				41	11					52			
Non-Support				14	2		31	2						1	1				46	5					51			
Terroristic Act				18	19	1	9	2						1					28	21	1				50			
Fraudulent Use Of Credit Card				11	1		33							1					45	1					46			
Negligent Homicide				1	1		10	14	16					1					12	15	16				43			
Domestic Battering-1st Degree	1			11	11		12	4	1					1					25	15	1				41			
Sexual Indecency With A Child				2	3		7	24	3					1	1				10	28	3				41			
Agg. Aslt On Family/Household				7	2		13	11	1					1					21	13	1				35			
Fleeing	1			4	2		23	4											28	6					34			
Burglary				11	7		3	8	2										14	15	2				31			
Discharge Firearm From Vehicle				10	10	1	4	1											14	11	1				26			
Dis/Poss/View Sex Explicit Hindering Apprehension Or Proc					1		4	14	1	1									5	16	1				22			
Computer Child Pornography				4	4	1	6	3	1					2	1				12	8	2				22			
Capital Murder							10	11											10	11					21			
Abuse Of Adults				7	1			11													1				20			
False Imprisonment-1st Degree				1	1		5	12											6	13					19			
Internet Stalk - Child Fel. B				4	1	1	10	3											14	4	1				19			
Tampering With Physical Evid.				1			9	8											10	8					18			
Fail To Stop Acc. W/Inj/Death				8	3		7												15	3					18			
Stalking				4			11	1						1					16	1					17			
Carnal Abuse-1st Degree				2	1	1	5	7	1										7	8	2				17			
Endanger Welfare Minor-1st Dg				3	7		1	2	2										4	9	2				15			
				3	1		8	1											11	2					13			

FY2009-2010 Act 1031 Report (Final Approvals, Deferrals, or Denials)

Offense	Asian		Black		Caucasian		Cuban		Hispanic		Mexican		NA Indian		Other/Unknown		Total		Grand Total
	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	
Incest					5	2									5	2	13		
Kidnapping			2	1	7	2									9	3	13		
Financial Identity Fraud			2	1	4	4			1						7	5	12		
Sexual Solicitation Of A Child			2		1	9									3	9	12		
Internet Stalk. - Child Fel. C				1	5	5									5	6	11		
Filing A False Report					5	4									5	4	9		
Agg. Assault On Corr. Employee			1	4	2										3	4	8		
Impair Oper. Of Vital Pub. Facil					3	5									3	5	8		
Reg Sex offend near cert' fac.			2	5	1										3	5	8		
Trans. Distr. Mat. Depictg Chil					3	4	1								3	4	8		
Poss W/ll To Manufacture Weapon			2	1	7	2	1								7	3	10		
Criminal Use Prohibited																			
Escape-2nd Degree			2	1	2	1									4	2	6		
Intro Cont Subs Body/Another					3	3									3	3	6		
Theft Of Leased Property			1		5										6		6		
Interference With Custody					2	3									2	3	5		
Theft Of Public Benefits			2		3										5		5		
Theft Of Services					4	1									4	1	5		
Engage Child In Sex Explot						4										4	4		
Possession Of Defaced Firearm			2		1				1						4		4		
Possession Of Ephedrine					3	1									3	1	4		
Violation Of A Minor-1st Dg					1	3									1	3	4		
Duty To Give Info & Render Aid			1		1	1									2	1	3		
Emply. Auth Child<17 Sex Perf					1	2									1	2	3		
Falsely Making Terror Threat			1		1	1									2	1	3		
Intimidating A Witness			2		1										3		3		
Permit Child Abuse			1	1	1										2	1	3		
Theft of Scrap Metal					3										3		3		

FY2009-2010 Act 1031 Report (Final Approvals, Deferrals, or Denials)

Offense	Asian		Black		Caucasian		Cuban		Hispanic		Mexican		NA Indian		Other/Unknown		Total		Grand Total
	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	
Accomplice					2												2		2
Alter/Change Engine or Oth Nbr			2														2		2
Battery 3rd Deg. (Enhanced)			1	1													1	1	2
Computer Exploitation of Child					1	1											1	1	2
Criminal Mischief 2nd Degree			1	1													1	1	2
Criminal Poss. Of Explosives					2												2		2
Dist Near Certain Facilities			1	1													1	1	2
DWI Offenses			1			1											1	1	2
Escape-1st Degree						1											1	1	2
Fail. To Keep Records Dist					1												1		1
Frg			1			1											1		1
Furnish Deadly Weapon To Felon			1	1													1	1	2
Inciting Riot			1	1													1	1	2
Interfering With Law Enf. Off.					1	1											1	1	2
Poss Anhyd Ammonia Unlaw/cont					1	1											1	1	2
Poss. Firearm Incar. Person Use Of Anothers Prop For Crime			2			2											2	2	2
Abuse Of A Corpse			1														1		1
Carnal Abuse-3rd Degree				1														1	1
Continuing Criminal Enterprise			1														1		1
Criminal Solicitation			1														1		1
Engage in Court Gang Org/Ent 2d			1														1		1
Engage in Viol Crim Group Act					1												1		1
Exposing One To HIV						1												1	1
Indecent Exposure					1												1		1
Penury			1														1		1
Registered Sex Offender Prohibited Entering School Campus					1												1		1
Revoke Probation						1												1	1
Unlawful use/access w/computer					1												1		1

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Offense	Asian		Black		Caucasian		Cuban		Hispanic		Mexican		NA Indian		Other/Unknown		Total			Grand						
	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Den	App	Def	Den	Total						
Use Of Communication Facility			1														1			1						
Video Voyeurism						1													1		1					
Witness Bribery					1												1			1						
Total	21	5	2	3,000	1,467	182	5,012	1,829	296	2	2	1	249	63	7	8	13	2	19	8	7	2	8,318	3,389	490	12,197

Act 1031 of 2003

Beginning July 31, 2003, and on July 31 of each year thereafter, the Parole Board shall submit an annual report to the Arkansas Legislative Council and the Commission on Disparity in Sentencing showing the number of persons who make application for parole, and those who are granted or denied parole during the fiscal year for each criminal offense classification.

The report shall include a breakdown by race of all persons sentenced in each criminal offense classification.

The Parole Board shall cooperate with, and on request, make presentations and provide various reports, to the extent the agency's budget will allow, to the Arkansas Legislative Council and the Commission on Disparity in Sentencing concerning board policy and criteria on discretionary offender programs and services.

Arkansas Parole Board

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